CITY UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

香港城市大學

A Two-Pronged Relationship of Skip-Level Participation and Employees' Organizational Citizenship Behavior Toward Other Individuals:

The Moderating Role of Leader-Leader Exchange

越級領導參與式行為

與員工組織公民利他行為的雙管關係: 以領導-領導交換關係為調節變項

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Abstract

This study investigates the influence of skip-level participation on employees' organizational citizenship behavior toward other individuals (OCBI) through its effects on job satisfaction via a two-pronged parallel pathway that involves organization-based self-esteem (OBSE) and emotional exhaustion. Drawing on the conservation of resources (COR) theory (Hobfoll, 1989), this study hypothesizes that skip-level participation shows a positive relationship with OCBI via OBSE and job satisfaction but a negative relationship with OCBI via emotional exhaustion and job satisfaction, which suggests that skip-level participation may have conflicting effects (i.e., both positive and negative) on OCBI. This study further hypothesizes that the relationship between the skip-level leader and the direct leader, or leaderleader exchange (LLX), moderates these two pathways. The results of this empirical study, in which a two-wave survey was administered to 116 office employee and direct leader dyads in higher education institutes in Hong Kong, reveal that skip-level participation has a positive relationship with OCBI via OBSE and job satisfaction. However, contrary to expectation, skiplevel participation showed a positive (rather than negative) relationship with OCBI via emotional exhaustion and job satisfaction, which suggests that skip-level participation indeed exerts a two-pronged positive influence on OCBI. LLX moderates the OBSE pathway such that this positive indirect relationship is stronger with a high level of LLX and weaker with a low level of LLX. However, LLX does not moderate the emotional exhaustion pathway, which suggests a strong role of skip-level participation in reducing emotional exhaustion, and this reduced level of emotional exhaustion in turn promotes OCBI.

Keywords: skip-level participation, organization-based self-esteem (OBSE), emotional exhaustion, job satisfaction, organizational citizenship behavior toward other individuals (OCBI), leader-leader exchange (LLX), conservation of resources (COR) theory